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Bringing an Asham Together

The *Mishnah* (5:4) discusses a case where a piece of *kodesh* and *chulin* were resting on the table and a person ate one of these, but is unsure which of the two. Since one of the two is *kodesh*, there is a doubt whether the prohibition of *meilah* has been violated. If one does violate the prohibition of *meilah* inadvertently (*be'shogeg*), then they are required to bring a *korban ashem* and pay the value of what they benefited plus *chomesh* (an additional 25%) to *hekdesh*. Whether in a case of doubt an *asham talui* must be brought is the subject of debate. *R' Akiva* maintains the *korban* is brought, whereas the *Chachamim* argue that the *asham talui* is only brought in a case of doubt where if clarified, one would be required to bring a *chatat*.

The *Mishnah* continues by recording a further debate where one person ate one of the two pieces and another the other. *R' Akiva* maintains that since that the doubt applies to each of them, both must bring an *asham talui*. *R' Shimon* however argues that they can simply bring the definite *asham* and stipulate that it is being offered from the individual that truly requires it. *R' Yossi* however argues that two people cannot bring a *korban asham* together. We shall try to understand the position of *R' Yossi*.

The *Bartenura* explains that *R' Yossi* maintains that two people cannot bring the *korban* together since such a condition does not work for *korbanot*. The *Tosfot Yom Tov* clarifies that *R' Yossi* maintains that conditions do not work specifically for *korbanot* that are brought for a sin. What then should these two people do? The *Bartenura* continues, according to *R' Akiva* both would be required to bring an *asham talui* each, whereas the *Chachamim* argue that no *korban* would be brought. Interestingly, the *Bartenura* does not explain who *R' Yossi* agrees with.

The *Rambam* however explains that *R' Yossi* is the first opinion in our *Mishnah*. In other words, each would not be obligated to bring an *asham talui*.

The Ramban (Shabbat 71b) however explains that for one to bring a korban asham, R' Yossi requires yedi'ah (knowledge) from the outset. As explained, the asham me'ilot is brought in a case where the prohibition of meilah was violated be'shogeg, e.g. the person was unaware that the piece of meat was kodesh when he consumed it. R' Yossi however requires that the person initially knew that that piece was kodesh. In our cases there was no yedi'ah at the beginning. Consequently, even if it was later discovered which of the two pieces was indeed kodesh, the one that violated the prohibition would not be required to bring the korban me'ilot. It is for this reason that R' Yossi argues that they two individuals could not bring the korban meilah together.

The Gra (Hahot HaGra Shabbat 71b) brings a proof in support of the Ramban. Recall that two issues ago we discussed R' Yossi's opinion regarding the case of two women that miscarry, with only one requiring a korban, yet we are unsure which of the two that is. In that *Mishnah* (1:4) R' Yossi maintained that the two women could bring a single pair of birds and stipulate that they should be offered for she that required them. Note that in that case, R' Yossi maintains that the condition does work. The Gemara (Keritut 7b) questions the different positions and explains that for a mechusar kapara (korbanot brought at the end of the purification process thereby enabling one to partake in korbanot) R' Yossi agrees that such a condition would work. The Gemara probes why and answers that for a *chatat* (and therefore also *an asham*) one requires yedi'ah from the outset. This fits perfectly with the explanation of the *Ramban*.

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Revision Questions

כריתות גי:טי – וי:אי

- What are the two understandings of the question that *Rabbi Akiva* asked, which *R' Yehoshua* attempted to derive the answer from the case of "five *tamchui'im*"? Explain. (ν: '2ν')
- Regarding the previous question how did *R' Akiva* respond? (ני:טי)
- How did R' Eliezer answer R' Akiva's question regarding one that performs many melachot (be'shogeg) on many Shabbatot and how did R' Akiva respond? ('':'\lambda')
- When is one required to bring an asham talui? (די: איי)
- What are the similarities regarding the obligation to bring a *chatat* and the obligation to bring an *asham talui*? (די:ביי)
- What are the four opinions regarding the debate between *R' Yehoshua* and *R' Eliezer* about the level of knowledge/intent that one must have in order to bring a *korban chatat*? (די: ב'-ג')
- If one consumed which specific blood are they punishable by karet?
 (Hard: what is the law regarding the other bloods listed?) (הי:אי)
- Explain the debate regarding whether one is obligated to bring an *asham talui* for *safek meilot*. (ה':ב'י)
- What was R' Tarfon's argument to R' Akiva regarding the previous question?
 (ה':ב'י)
- How did R' Akiva respond? (ה': ג')
- What is the law regarding a piece of *kodesh* meat and a piece of regular meat where: (הי:די)
 - One person ate both?
 - Two people ate one each but it is not known which person at the *kodesh* piece?
- What other case is brought that is similar to the previous question? (הי: היי)
- What is the law regarding the previous question if one piece was *kodesh* and the other *cheilev*? (י:ו'י)
- What is the law if one piece was *cheilev* and the other *cheilev kodesh*? (יז: 'ז:)
- What is the law regarding a piece cheilev and a piece of cheilev notar where:
 (ה':ח')
 - One person ate both one after the other?
 - Two people ate one each but it is not known which person ate the *cheilev* notar?
- What are the opinions regarding one that brings an *asham talui* and the matter was clarified that he did not sin:(י:אי)
 - o Before the *korban* was slaughtered?
 - o After the *korban* was slaughtered?

Melbourne, Australia

Sunday -Thursday
10 minutes before *Mincha*Mizrachi Shul
Melbourne, Australia

Friday & Shabbat 10 minutes before *Mincha* <u>Mizrachi Shul</u> Melbourne, Australia

> **Efrat, Israel** Shiur in English

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Next Week's Mishnayot...

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	שבת קודש
7 June טייו סיון	8 June טייז סיון	9 June ייז סיון	10 June ייח טיון	11 June ייט סיון	12 June כי סיון	13 June כ"א סיון
Keritot 6:2-3	Keritot 6:4-5	Keritot 6:6-7	Keritot 6:8-9	Meilah 1:1-2	Meilah 1:3-4	Meilah 2:1-2